

Present perfect

What have you done already? (schon)
 What haven't you done yet? (noch nicht)

Jack	tidy up room
Ananda and Dilip	pack school bag
Prunella	drop plates
Dan and Jo	visit grandparents
Mum	bake cake
Dad	cook dinner
grandparents	pick up Dan and Jo
Mrs Kapoor	count the money
teachers	correct the class test
you	play a game

A) Ask 10 questions in the present perfect and write the two possible answers!
Write into your exercise book! (Stelle 10 Fragen im present perfect und schreibe zwei mögliche Antworten auf -> ins Heft!)

- Has Jack already tidied up his room?
 ☺ Yes, he has already tidied up his room.
 ☹ No, he hasn't tidied his room yet.
- Have Ananda and Dilip already _____?
 ☺ _____
 ☹ _____

B) Das present perfect wird mit **has / have + 3. Form des Verbs** gebildet.
Die dritte Form nennt man „past participle“ und endet bei regelmäßigen Verben auf :

Bei unregelmäßigen Verben muss man die 3. Form auswendig lernen.

Kreise die Formen der Verben, die zusammen gehören, in derselben Farbe ein.
 Schreibe sie dann in einer Tabelle in dieser Form auf.

infinitive	simple past	past participle
go	went	gone
...

fly	see	played	had	be	ate	gone	make	
do	buy	eat	take	saw	bought	laugh	have	
	played	go	cleaned	laughed	went	made		
bought	eaten	done	laughed	drank	play	clean	had	did
	flown	seen	cleaned	was/were	took			
taken	been	made	drink	flew	drunk			

Present perfect **Lösung**

- 1) Has Jack already tidied up his room? (Hat Jack sein Zimmer SCHON aufgeräumt?)
Yes, he has already tidied up his room. (Ja, er hat sein Zimmer SCHON aufgeräumt.)
No, he hasn't tidied up his room yet. (Nein, er hat sein Zimmer NOCH NICHT aufgeräumt)
- 2) Have Ananda and Dilip already packed their school bags?
Yes, they have already packed their school bags.
No, they haven't packed their school bags yet.
- 3) Has Prunella already dropped any plates?
Yes, she has already dropped some plates.
No, she hasn't dropped any plates yet.
- 4) Have Dan and Jo already visited their grandparents?
Yes, they have already visited their grandparents.
No, they haven't visited their grandparents yet.
- 5) Has Mum already baked a cake?
Yes, she has already baked a cake.
No, she hasn't baked a cake yet.
- 6) Has Dad already cooked dinner?
Yes, he has already cooked dinner.
No, he hasn't cooked dinner yet.
- 7) Have the grandparents already picked up Dan and Jo?
Yes, they have already picked up Dan and Jo.
No, they haven't picked up Dan and Jo yet.
- 8) Has Mrs Kapoor already counted the money?
Yes, she has already counted the money.
No, she hasn't counted the money yet.
- 9) Have the teachers already corrected the class tests?
Yes, they have already corrected the class tests.
No, they haven't corrected the class tests yet.
- 10) Have you already played a game?
Yes, you (I) have already played a game.
No, you (I) haven't played a game yet.

LÖSUNG

C) Das present perfect wird mit **has / have + 3. Form des Verbs** gebildet.

Die dritte Form nennt man „past participle“ und endet bei regelmäßigen Verben auf :

_____ **-ed** _____

Bei unregelmäßigen Verben muss man die 3. Form auswendig lernen.

Kreise die Formen der Verben, die zusammen gehören, in derselben Farbe ein.

Schreibe sie dann in einer Tabelle in dieser Form auf.

infinitive	simple past	past participle
go	went	gone
fly	flew	flown
see	saw	seen
play	played	played
have	had	had
be	was/were	been
eat	ate	eaten
make	made	made
do	did	done
buy	bought	bought
take	took	taken
laugh	laughed	laughed
clean	cleaned	cleaned
drink	drank	drunk
take	took	taken

Setze die present perfect-Form der Verben in Klammern ein.

Achte dabei auf unregelmäßige Verben!

Kontrolliere und verbessere anschließend mit dem Lösungsblatt!

1. I _____ (be) to Los Angeles.
2. He _____ (travel) by plane before.
3. My friend _____ never _____ (visit) the USA.
4. We _____ (play) basketball.
5. They _____ (forget) their homework.
6. She _____ just _____ (learn) for the test.
7. You _____ just _____ (walk) to the bakery.
8. Tom and Jim _____ never _____ (wash) their car before.
9. The car _____ always _____ (be) dirty.
10. Tom _____ (watch) the football match on TV.
11. The match _____ just _____ (end).
12. The team _____ never _____ (lose)
13. My friend and his girlfriend _____ (see) the movie before.
14. I _____ never _____ (play) tennis.
15. Dave _____ (read) this book before.
16. We _____ (have) a bison steak before.

Zusatz: Übersetze die Sätze ins Deutsche!

Solution:

1. I **have been** to Los Angeles.
2. He **has travelled** by plane before.
3. My friend **has** never **visited** the USA.
4. We **have played** basketball.
5. They **have forgotten** their homework.
6. She **has** just **learned** for the test.
7. You **have** just **walked** to the bakery.
8. Tom and Jim **have** never **washed** their car before.
9. The car **has** always **been** dirty.
10. Tom **has watched** the football match on TV.
11. The match **has** just **ended**.
12. The team **has** never **lost**.
13. My friend and his girlfriend **have seen** the movie before.
14. I **have** never **played** tennis.
15. Dave **has read** this book before.
16. We **have had** a bison steak before.